SIM800H&L-TE_Schematic and PCB_Reference Design_V1.00
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## Version History:

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<td>2013-10-14</td>
<td>1.00</td>
<td></td>
<td>Jialin.song, Ya.li</td>
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1 Introduce

This document introduces the SIM800H&L-TE_V1.02 schematic and PCB layout, also describes the key points about circuit design, component placement, PCB layout and RF trace design. Customer can refer to these key points when they design the products with SIM800H or SIM800L module.

2 Schematic

2.1 Power Supply

Power input range is 3.4V–4.4V of the SIM800H&L-TE, following figure is the schematic of power supply part:

![Schematic of the power supply part](image.png)

Figure 1. Schematic of the power supply part
2.2 Audio

Following figure is schematic of the audio part:

![Figure 2: Schematic of the audio part](image)

2.3 USB

Figure 3: Schematic of the USB part
2.4 Antenna of GSM and Bluetooth

Figure 4: Schematic of the GSM and Bluetooth antenna
2.5 Antenna of FM

Figure 5: Schematic of the FM antenna
3 PCB Introduce

SIM800H&L-TE_V1.02 is four-layer PCB, each layer is shown as below figures:

Figure 6: Layer 1
Figure 7: Layer 2
Figure 8: Layer 3
### 3.1 PCB Stack-up

The SIM800H&L-TE is a four layer PCB and the PCB’s total thickness is 1.0mm, PCB stack-up is shown as figure 10.

All vias of the PCB are through-hole vias and the diameter of the vias is 0.55mm, shown as figure 11.
### PCB Layout

Before PCB layout, we should learn well about pin assignment in order to get reasonable layout with so many external components. Following figure is the overview of pin assignment of the module.
Figure 12: Pin assignment

Following figure is the placement of SIM800H&L-TE_V1.02
Figure 13: Top side placement
3.3 Traces Routing

The form factor of SIM800H and SIM800L module is LGA package, there are two rows of PINs on the board, the overall arrangement of the LGA pads is shown in figure 12. If customer PCB is through-hole design, it’s recommended that the signal trace of the inner pads is routed to outside on top side and then drill vias to bottom side.
3.4 Power Supply Part

The power supply trace is shown as figure 15 and figure 16.

Zener diode (TVS101) and decoupling capacitors (C103, C104, C105) are mounted on the top layer (layer 1), near to the module’s VBAT pads. The VBAT trace is routed from the inner layer (layer 3) to the top layer (layer 1), and the VBAT trace should be more than 2mm, keeping away from RF area. The number of VBAT vias should be as more as possible.
Figure 16: Power supply trace on layer 3
3.5 **GND**

Pin2, Pin43, Pin44 and Pin45 are main GND signals for VBAT. The traces between these 4pin (Pin2, Pin43, Pin44 and Pin45) and pin77~pin88 should be as short as possible.
Figure 18: GND on layer 1
3.6 Audio Part

The audio trace is shown as figure 20 to figure 23.

The MIC/SPK traces should be surrounded by ground to get better noise decoupling, and the traces should be more than 0.3mm. The MIC/SPK traces should be routed through TVS firstly, then to the audio pin of module; and the TVS should be placement as close as possible to the connector.

Figure 19: GND on layer 4
Figure 20: Audio trace on layer 1

Figure 21: Audio trace on layer 2
Figure 22: Audio trace on layer 3

Figure 23: Audio trace on layer 4
3.7 USB

The USB trace is shown as below figure.

Figure 24: USB trace on layer 1

Figure 25: USB trace on layer 2
3.8 RF Trace to Antenna

The RF interface has an impedance of 50Ω. The trace impedance between RF PAD and antenna should be also 50Ω, for the maximum RF power transmitting. To avoid the mismatching and losses by the via, the trace is
recommended to be micro strip line on the top layer instead of the strip line in the inner layers.

SIM800H&L-TE is four-layer PCB, the thickness between top layer and second layer is 200um, the PCB material is FR4. The RF trace is layout on the top layer, with width 0.33mm, and the separation from the GND is 0.6mm. The detail is shown in the following figure:

![Figure 28: Calculating the RF trace impedance](image1.png)

To suit the physical design of individual applications SIM800H&L-TE offers two alternative approaches to connect the antenna:

- Mini RF coaxial connector. This antenna connector approaches is recommended, and the recommended
connector is shown as below table.

- SMA connectors. The specification was shown in the following figure:

**Recommended mini RF coaxial connector:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Vendor</th>
<th>Part Number</th>
<th>Web Site</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>HRS</td>
<td>U.FL-R-SMT(10)</td>
<td><a href="http://www.hirose-connectors.com">http://www.hirose-connectors.com</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>I-PEX</td>
<td>20279-001E-01</td>
<td><a href="http://www.i-pex.com/cn">http://www.i-pex.com/cn</a></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**NOTE:** Both connectors can only be applied alternatively. This means, if an antenna is plugged to the mini RF connector, the SMA connector must not be used; and if the antenna is connected to the SMA connector, then the mini RF connector must not be used.

GSM RF trace and the antenna connectors are shown as below:

![GSM RF trace and the antenna connectors](image)

**Figure 30:** GSM RF trace and the antenna connectors

If the J103 is used to be GSM antenna connector, L101 should be mounted a 0Ω resistor and R108/C101/C102 not mounted. And if the J108 is used, R108 and L101 should be mounted 0Ω resistors and C101\C102 not mounted.

Bluetooth RF trace and the antenna connectors are shown as below:
If the J106 is used to be Bluetooth antenna connector, L102 should be mounted a \(0\Omega\) resistor and R107\(\cap\)C107\(\cap\)C108 not mounted. And if the J109 is used, R107 and L102 should be mounted \(0\Omega\) resistors and C107\(\cap\)C108 not mounted.

**FM traces and the antenna connectors are shown as below:**

If the J107 is used to be FM antenna connector, L103\(\cap\)R105\(\cap\)R106 should be mounted \(0\Omega\) resistors and C113\(\cap\)C112\(\cap\)C110\(\cap\)C109\(\cap\)C111\(\cap\)L104 not mounted. And if the J404 is used, R105\(\cap\)R106 should be mounted \(0\Omega\) resistors and C113\(\cap\)C112\(\cap\)C110\(\cap\)C109\(\cap\)C111\(\cap\)L104\(\cap\)L103 not mounted.
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